



With the goal of simplifying the AWW calculation while being fair and equitable for workers and employers, we recommend the worker's AWW be calculated as follows:

- 1) For regularly employed workers: Multiply the daily wage the worker was receiving by the number of days per week that the worker was regularly employed.
- 2) Covered workers with no wage earnings such as volunteers must have their benefits computed on the same assumed wage used to determine premium.
- 3) For all other cases: Determine the worker's total earnings with the employer at injury for the 52 weeks prior to the date of injury and divide by 52 to determine the average per week. If less than 52 weeks, use the total wages earned prior to the date of injury while employed with the employer at injury and divide by number of weeks employed to calculate average weekly earnings.