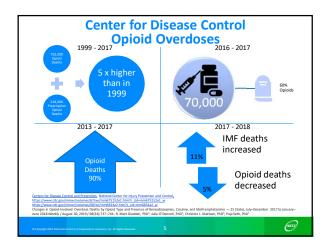
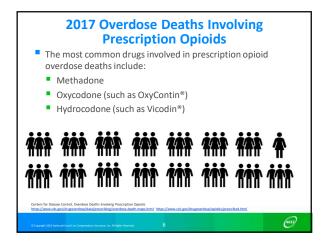
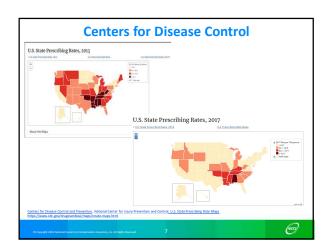


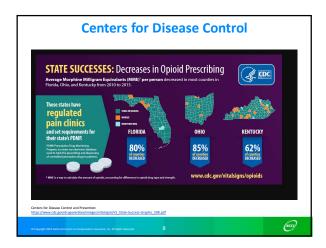
What Is a Prescription Opioid? Prescription opioids are a class of drugs used to treat moderate to severe pain, particularly chronic intractable pain Prescription opioids include Oxycodone (Oxycontin), hydrocodone (Vicodin), and morphine Opioids bind to and activate opioid receptors on cells in the brain and body Pain signals are blocked, and large amounts of dopamine are released Misuse of opioids can slow down breathing, which can lead to death

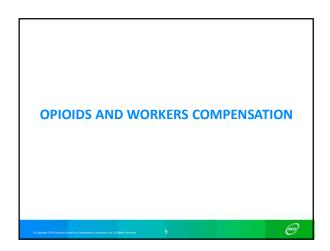
Centers for Disease Control First wave of opioid overdose deaths began in the 1990s Includes prescription opioids Second wave in 2010 was characterized by heroin deaths Significant increase from 2010 to 2017 Third wave of deaths started in 2013, involving highly potent synthetic opioids Particularly illicitly manufactured fentanyl—found in combination with heroin, counterfeit pills, and cocaine

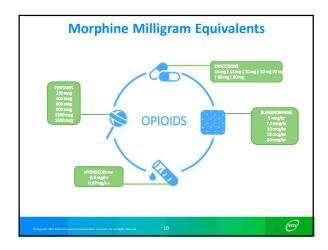


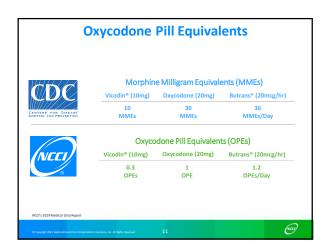


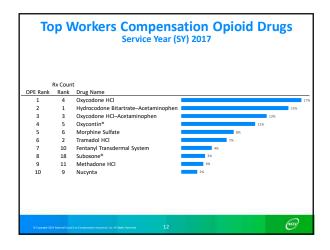


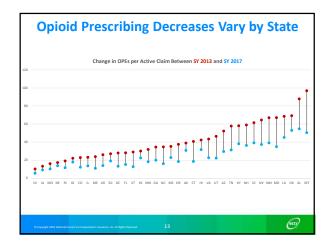


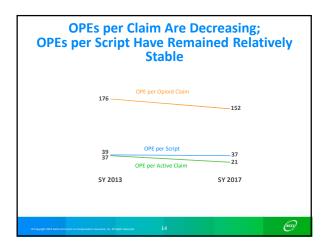


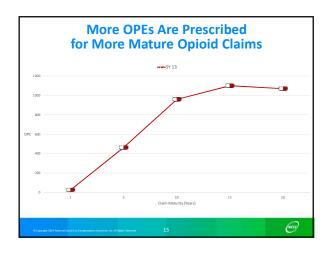


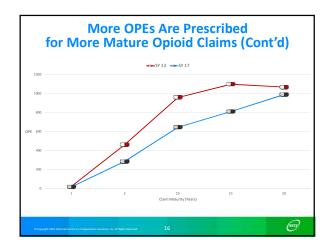


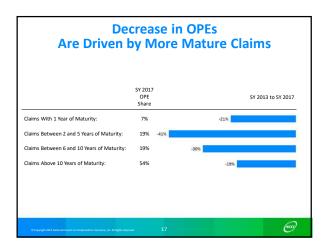


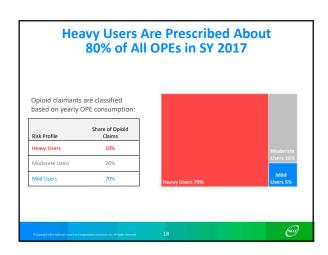


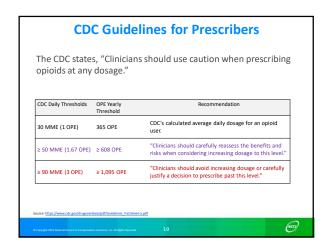


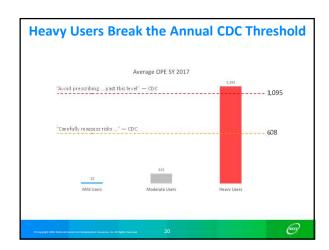


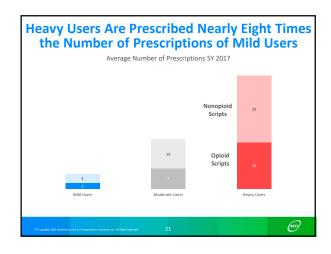


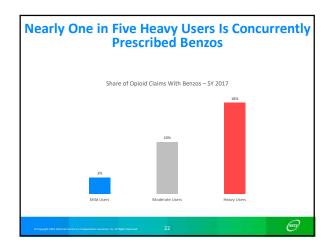


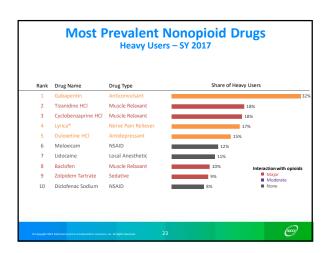


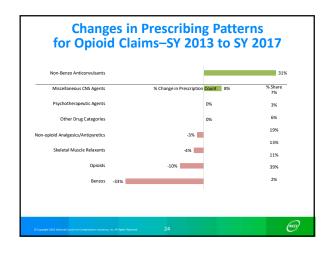














Prescription Drugs In 2019, nine states considered legislation addressing prescription drugs in workers compensation At least two states proposed adopting an evidence-based drug formulary Other states considered legislation to restrict the use of opioids in WC Proposed New York legislation would include marijuana as a "prescription drug" for workers compensation purposes (A 2824/S 2054)

(NOTE)



Nebraska LB 487—Requires the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court to adopt an evidence-based drug formulary (did not pass). New Jersey A 1993—Restricts medical expense coverage for opioid drugs unless the prescribing healthcare professional follows certain guidelines (pending).

New York A 2824/S 2054—In part, deems medical marijuana a "prescription drug," "covered drug," or "healthcare service" as necessary to authorize coverage under workers compensation and clarifies that it may be covered as a prescription drug under commercial insurance coverage (pending). A 5075/S 2061—Creates a presumption that the death of an injured worker from an opioid overdose is compensable if that injured worker was prescribed opioids to treat a workplace injury (pending). Oklahoma HB 2632—Creates the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, establishing uniform access to a pharmacy provider (enacted).





